

## AGRICULTURE AND FOREST SECRETARIAT, MYSORE

## Reviews the Administration Report of the Animal Husbandry Department for the year 1956-57.

READ—

Letter No. ST 708/57-58 dated 13th January 1958 from the Director of Animal Husbandry and Veterinary Services forwarding the annual Administration Report of Animal Husbandry Department for the year 1956-57.

ORDER No. AFD 21/AHS 58, DATED BANGALORE, THE 18TH JULY 1959

(ASHADHA 27, SAKA ERA 1881).

Recorded—

2. *General Administration.*—Shri V. S. Kuppaswamy Mudaliar, G. M. V. C., P. G., was the Head of the Department up to 7th May 1956 in addition to his duties as Superintendent, Mysore Serum Institute. Shri J. Muniappa succeeded him on 7th May 1956 and continued till 31st October 1956. Dr. K. S. Shetty, G. M. V. C., Ph.D. (Edin.), who was allotted to this State from Hyderabad, held the post with effect from 1st November 1956 for the reorganised Mysore State for the rest of the year under report.

3. *Seasonal Conditions.*—The seasonal conditions were satisfactory throughout the year. There was adequate supply of water and fodder to the cattle.

4. *Veterinary Service.*—There were three outbreaks of Rinderpest in addition to two pending attention at the commencement of the year. They were promptly attended by protecting 31,623 head of cattle by preventive inoculations. The Pilot project for eradication of Rinderpest partly financed by Government of India was continued. Under this scheme, mass inoculation of 3,01,902 (9,19,202) cattle over six months of age was carried on in the Districts of Tumkur, Mandya, Kolar and Mysore. There were 16 (23) outbreaks of Black Quarter pending attention at the commencement of the year. Two thousand four hundred and forty-three (4,307) outbreaks were registered during the year and 2,423 (4,296) were attended to protecting 6,04,642 (7,53,833) animals against the disease by vaccination. Two outbreaks of Haemorrhagic Septicæmia were pending attention and 2,494 (1,249) were registered and 2,449 (1,230) were dealt with during the year protecting 6,78,137 (2,80,990) animals against the disease. Four hundred and forty-seven (1,089) cases of Anthrax were registered during the year in addition to 3 pending at the commencement of the year and 441 (607) were attended to protecting 53,612 (81,225) cattle and sheep against the disease. Sheep-pox disease was mostly prevalent in Tumkur, Kolar, Bangalore and Chitaldrug Districts. Four hundred and ten (325) cases were registered and 407 (283) were attended to conducting 1,34,439 (1,42,539) vaccinations. One thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven cases of contagious diseases which do not come under any species mentioned above were registered and 1,883 were combated. Eleven lakhs ninety-six thousand nine hundred and sixty-five (11,96,062) poultry birds were protected against Ranikhet disease. In addition 17,207 (8,079) birds were vaccinated against Fowl-pox.

5. *Veterinary Institutions.*—There were 226 (225) Veterinary Hospitals and Dispensaries in the earstwhile Mysore at the commencement of the year. One more hospital was given to Hosur during October 1956. After reorganisation of the State, 134 institutions and touring billets were added on and seven new dispensaries were opened. At the close of the year there were 368 institutions comprising 22 major Hospitals, 142 Taluk Dispensaries, 176 Rural Dispensaries and 28 touring billets.

6. *Cattle Fairs.*—One hundred and twenty-nine (163) cattle fairs were held. Except in seven cases, the Department made arrangements at the fairs to open temporary dispensaries for providing veterinary aid. Eleven lakhs sixty-eight thousand one hundred and forty-one (8,18,320) head of cattle were estimated to have gathered in the above fairs. Prizes worth Rs. 13,700 (Rs. 11,899) were distributed to the best exhibits.

7. *Rural Development Work.*—In the N.E.S. and C.D. Block areas, the staff of the Department castrated 91,920 scrub bulls, rams and bucks, treated 5,04,276 ailing birds and conducted 8,68,663 inoculations and vaccinations. In addition 1,11,688 cattle and buffaloes were systematically dosed by the staff employed. Nine hundred and fifty-one (511) birds and cockerels were issued to upgrade the local indigenous stock and in addition 18,001 hatching eggs were sold to *bona fide* breeders at concessional rates. Artificial insemination centres and model poultry farms were also established in selected places.

8. *Veterinary Education and Training.*—Ten (8) candidates were deputed for training in the different Veterinary Colleges in India. A Stockmen's Training School at Dharwar and Compounders' Training Centres at Bangalore and Mysore were opened during the year. Thirty Compounders and 45 stockmen were trained at these centres.

9. *Development Schemes.*—During the year, under 'Veterinary Research' sanction was accorded for expansion of the Mysore Serum Institute at a total cost of Rs. 1,84,000 under the Key Village Scheme, two more centres were opened at Kunigal in Tumkur District and Aminathi in Coorg District. The Hessarghatta and Ajjampur Centres were upgraded by including two more sub-centres to each. The Poultry Centres started at Gundlupet and Kurikuppi were continued, the nature of its working being changed from Pilot scheme to regular self-contained centre. A centre located at Ponnampet (Coorg) came to the fold of the Department after the reorganisation of the States.

10. *Amritmahal Section.*—The Research Officer, A. H., was in charge of this Section. The strength of the herd in the Four Economic Farms at the beginning of the year was 1,556 (1,594). During the year there were 306 (270) births and 171 (154) deaths. The year closed with 1,732 (1,556) animals of both sexes.

11. *Cattle Breeding Station, Ajjampur.*—The seasonal conditions were satisfactory. The health of Livestock was fairly good. The year commenced with a total strength of 1,144 (1,210) head of cattle at both Basur and Ajjampur farms. The total births were 165 (223) of which 84 (93) were males and 81 (130) females. There were 186 (97) deaths. The strength of the cattle at the close of the year was 1,108 (1,144). The total quantity of milk produced was 25,603½ lbs (49,316) and the total revenue realised was Rs. 4,303 (8,343).

12. *Demand, Collection and Balance.*—A sum of Rs. 1,74,336-14-3 (Rs. 2,10,590-6-10) was outstanding for recovery at the beginning of the year and the demand for the year was Rs. 31,652-15-2 (Rs. 74,667-2-6). A sum of Rs. 52,233-13-6 (Rs. 1,74,336-14-3) was recovered. Arrangements are being made to recover the heavy balance by entertaining special staff.

An extent of 1,063 (1,989) acres of land was leased out during the year for temporary cultivation for 43,363½ seers of horsegram.

13. *Aided Cattle Breeders Scheme.*—There were 14 aided Cattle Breeders at the close of the year. The strength of cattle at the beginning of the year was 1,856 (1,804) and 2,088 (1,856) at the close of the year.

14. *Fishery Section.*—Dr. H. D. R. Iyengar, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Fisheries), Fisheries Officer, continued to be in charge of this section. Several Fisheries activities such as Fish curing yards, Fishery Schools, Fishery Co-operative Societies, Ice Plants, Mechanised boats, Deep water fishing unit, Marine Fish Farms, Fresh water Fish Farms were added to the department as a result of the Reorganisation of the States. Fifty-two thousand two hundred and thirty-six maunds of salt were issued for curing fish at subsidised rates and 3,60,068 maunds of fish were cured during the year under report. In erstwhile Mysore, Fishery Conservation measures were enforced as usual in three Divisions of Mysore, Mandya, Shimoga and Kolar Districts. The destructive methods of poisoning and use of explosives to catch fish were largely prevented. The use of basket traps and other fixed machines to catch fish was prohibited. Twenty-eight (48) cases of unauthorised fishing were detected and in all the cases prosecutions were launched and culprits punished. A sum of Rs. 97 (194) was collected as fine.

Five and half lakhs of fish fingerlings of major crops mostly Cirrhea, Mrigal, Labee, Ballasu and Calta were imported from Calcutta by air and reared in several nursery tanks.

15. *Mysore Serum Institute*.—Disease investigation scheme and control of parasitic diseases, which were in operation with the assistance of I.C.A.R. were continued during the year.

Apart from the preparation of certain drugs which are used in different veterinary hospitals, the investigation of various problems connected with the diseases of livestock and the laboratory examination of all pathological materials received from different institutions were continued. A total quantity of 37,64,300 doses, 51,190 c. cs. of biologicals and 15,853 bottles of Normal Saline and distilled water were prepared during the year.

An expenditure of Rs. 1,72,781-9-0 (2,00,950-10-2) was incurred and a sum of Rs. 2,53,179-7-9 (Rs. 3,70,457-4-6) was realised by sale of biologicals, etc.

16. *Composite Livestock Farm & Research Station, Hessarghatta*.—Though the rains were not evenly distributed during the year, the seasonal condition was almost satisfactory.

*Dry Cattle Farm*.—There were 53 (65) Cows and 16 (13) she-buffaloes at the close of the year. As against a demand of Rs. 12,273-2-0 (Rs. 11,613) a sum of Rs. 11,658-2-0 (Rs. 9,918-10-0) was collected. The expenditure of the Farm was Rs. 11,866-13-0 (Rs. 11,808-4-11).

*Poultry Farm*.—On an average 808 (1,050) layers were maintained on the Farm throughout the year which produced 1,04,463 (1,26,564) eggs. 2,038 (1,966) birds were sold to the public both within and outside the State for breeding purposes. The flock was free from Ranikhet disease. The total receipt from the Farm was Rs. 42,063-5-0 (Rs. 56,562-14-6) as against an expenditure of Rs. 59,131-9-0 (56,568-13-0).

*Hallikar Cattle Breeding Station*.—There were at the close of the year 13 (6) bulls, 10 (7) bullocks, 112 (102) cows, 74 (63) heifers, 109 (116) calves, 2 (2) buffalo bull calves and 1 (1) catalloe. A total quantity of 47,430 lbs (37,233) of milk was produced during the year and supplied to Hospitals in Bangalore City.

*Bull cum Dairy Farms*.—The year opened with a strength of 315 (269) animals consisting of 219 (177) Sindhis, 80 (77) buffaloes and the remaining 16 (15) cross breed animals. The year closed with 100 (85) cows of which 58 (64) were in milk and 42 (21) dry, 61 (51) heifers, 105 (83) calves of which 21 (24) were female and 84 (59) male calves.

A total quantity of 1,90,343½ (1,90,118) lbs. of cows milk and 28,243½ (41,023) of buffalo milk was produced during the year under report. A sum of Rs. 86,496-7-0 (Rs. 66,656-1-4) was spent as against a realisation of Rs. 58,722-13-0 (Rs. 50,205-13-5) as receipts.

17. *Kunigal Stud Farm*.—There were 5 (4) Stallions, 17 (7) mares and 5 (5) young stock at the commencement of the year. In addition one stallion and one mare were added during the year. There were also 4 (4) mares and 1 (2) young stock under "EVE Block Stock Scheme" and 11 (14) mares and 5 (12) young stock belonging to private owners in the farm.

The total revenue realised under all heads amounted to Rs. 94,281-11-10 (Rs. 1,86,290-10-4) and the expenditure Rs. 1,21,139-9-8 (1,06,926-8-8).

18. *Combined Sheep & Cattle Farm, Kurikuppi*.—The seasonal conditions were satisfactory. An area of 64 (64) acres was under irrigation and 84 (108) acres were under dry cultivation. At the end of the year under report, there were 280 (384) head of Hallikar Cattle of both the sexes in addition to 38 (39) bullocks, 32 (28) murrah buffaloes and 462 (464) sheep.

A sum of Rs. 21,926-13-0 (Rs. 15,044-0-0) was realised against an expenditure of Rs. 1,19,803-14-1 (Rs. 1,62,868).



*Other Farms.*—As a consequence of the reorganisation of the State, District Livestock Farm, Koila, Cattle cum Sheep Breeding Farm, Munirabad, Government Dairy Farm, Kudige and Government Central Poultry Farm, Kudige came to the new State. The receipts and expenditure of these farms for the year 1956-57 may be indicated as follows:—

	Rs.	Rs.
Dist. Livestock Farm, Koila	48,397-5-6	1,55,855-15-6
Cattle Cum Sheep Breeding Farm, Munirabad	861-0-0	80,077-0-0
Government Dairy Farm, Kudige	49,336-1-0	64,430-7-6
Central Poultry Farm, Kudige	7,004-64 nP.	40,936-36 nP.

The working of the Department during 1955-56 was satisfactory.

T. SIDDALINGADEVARU,

*Under Secretary to Government,  
Agriculture and Forest Department*

#### FINANCE SECRETARIAT

**Effects certain additions and alterations in the Proposal Form  
of the Official Branch Policies.**

#### REFERENCE—

Notification No. FD 45 INS 57, dated 4th September 1958.

1. Notification No. FD 12 PID 59, dated 28th February 1959.

2. Letter No. Books-80, dated 1st May 1959, from the Secretary, Mysore Government Insurance Department.

ORDER NO. FD 42 PID 59, DATED BANGALORE, THE 3RD JULY 1959  
(ASHADHA 12, SAKA ERA 1881).

Consequent upon certain amendments made to the rules governing the Scheme of Compulsory Life Insurance for the Mysore Government employees, the Secretary, Mysore Government Insurance Department, has brought to the notice of the Government the need to effect the following additions and alterations in columns 6(c) and 6(d) in the Proposal Form:—

1. *Column 6(c).*—Add the words “and/or Postal Life Insurance and Endowments Assurance Rules” after the words “Life Insurance Corporation of India” and substitute the figures “1-4-1959” for the figures “31-10-1956.”

2. *Column 6(d).*—Substitute the figures “1-4-1959” for the figures “31-10-1956.”

The proposal of the Secretary, Mysore Government Insurance Department, is approved.

The Director of Printing, Stationery and Publications, will print and supply 10,000 copies of the above amendments to the Secretary, Mysore Government Insurance Department, *direct*, in consultation with him.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

W. E. ALBERT,

*Under Secretary to Government,  
Finance Department.*